

GCE Examinations

Further Pure Mathematics Module FP2

Advanced Subsidiary / Advanced Level

Paper E

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions and Information

Candidates may use any calculator except those with a facility for symbolic algebra and/or calculus.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

Mathematical and statistical formulae and tables are available.

This paper has 8 questions.

Advice to Candidates

You must show sufficient working to make your methods clear to an examiner.
Answers without working will gain no credit.



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1. A student without a calculator must find the value of x given that $\operatorname{artanh} x = \ln 3$.

With clear working, show how the student could find x and state the value he should obtain.

(4 marks)

2. $f(x) = \sin 2x - x \cosh^2 x$.

(a) Find $f'(x)$.

(3 marks)

(b) Show that the curve with equation $y = f(x)$ has a stationary point in the interval $0.3 < x < 0.4$.

(3 marks)

3. Given that

$$\int_0^{\frac{2\pi}{3}} \frac{1}{5+4\cos x} dx = a\pi, \quad a \in \mathbb{Q},$$

use the substitution $t = \tan(\frac{1}{2}x)$ to find the value of a .

(9 marks)

4. The curve C has equation $y = a \cosh\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)$, where a is a positive constant.

The area bounded by the curve C , the x -axis and the lines $x = -a$ and $x = a$ is rotated through 2π radians about the x -axis.

Show that the curved surface area of the solid generated is $\pi a^2(\sinh 2 + 2)$.

(9 marks)

5. The intrinsic equation of the curve C is $s = 2\psi$.

Given that s is measured from the origin,

(a) find a Cartesian equation of C ,

(9 marks)

(b) sketch C .

(2 marks)

6. (a) Using the definitions of hyperbolic functions in terms of exponential functions, prove that

$$\cosh(x + y) \equiv \cosh x \cosh y + \sinh x \sinh y. \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$

Given that

$$5 \cosh x + 4 \sinh x \equiv R \cosh(x + \alpha),$$

find

- (b) the value of R , (3 marks)
- (c) the value of α , giving your answer in terms of natural logarithms. (3 marks)
- (d) Hence, or otherwise, state the minimum value of $5 \cosh x + 4 \sinh x$. (1 mark)
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7.
$$I_n = \int_0^1 x^n e^{x^2} dx, \quad n \geq 0.$$

- (a) Show that

$$I_n = \frac{1}{2} e - \frac{1}{2} (n-1) I_{n-2}, \quad n \geq 2. \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- (b) Hence find

$$I_n = \int_0^1 x^5 e^{x^2} dx,$$

giving your answer in terms of e . (6 marks)

8. The line with equation $y = mx + c$ is a tangent to the parabola with equation $y^2 = 8x$.

- (a) Show that $mc = 2$. (5 marks)

The lines l_1 and l_2 are tangents to both the parabola with equation $y^2 = 8x$ and the circle with equation $x^2 + y^2 = 2$.

- (b) Find the equations of l_1 and l_2 . (9 marks)
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END